A Bassetti CA Group Production Presents....

## **EXPOSED CONCRETE FLOORS**





# INTRODUCTION

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# **OBJECTIVES**

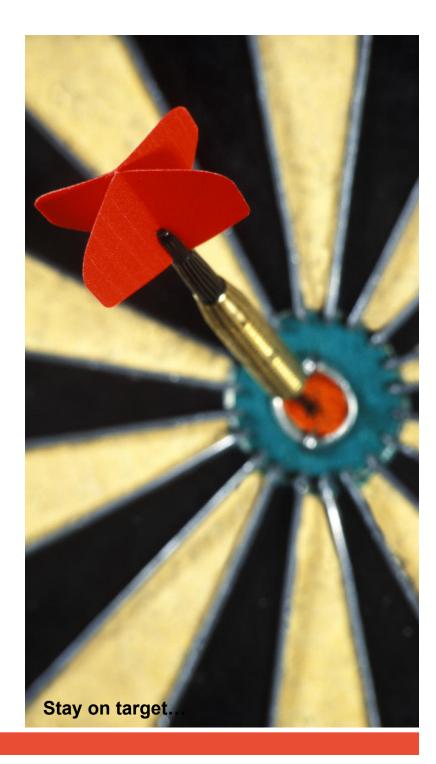
## **Objectives and Outline**

### **Objectives:**

- Learn the different components of concrete floor systems
- Understand objectives and concerns for floors in our buildings
- Learn the pros and cons of exposed concrete floors as opposed to other flooring systems

### **Outline:**

- Factors in Concrete Floor Design
- Survey Results on Concrete Floors
- Bassetti Projects with Concrete Floors
- Conclusions



I was walking down the street one day....

# **Factors in Concrete Floor Design**

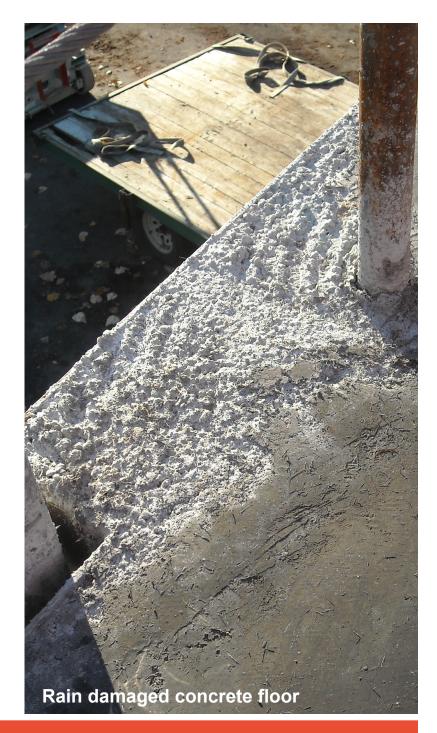
## **Benefits of Concrete Floors**

- Hard
- Insta-floor!
- Inexpensive
- Durable
- Beautiful
- Low maintenance
- Healthy
- Sustainable
- Can be covered later!



## **Challenges of Concrete Floors**

- Slab curl
- FF/FL Tolerances
- Smoothness
- SOMD sag
- Rain damage
- Contractor damage
- Cracking (structural and shrinkage)
- Rock pockets and voids
- Form & floor protection stains
- Items cast into concrete (drains, electrical boxes, etc.)



## **Sustainability & Concrete Floors**

- Acoustics
- Building Reuse
- Cleanability
- Disaster Resistance
- Durability
- Energy Performance
- Heat Island Reduction (reflects heat?)
- Indoor Air Quality
- Life Cycle Balance
- Lighting Efficiency
- Locally Produced
- Minimize Site Disruption (on-site storage)
- Recyclable Material
- Recycled Content
- Resource Efficient
- Site Remediation (Contaminent Solidification/ Stabilization)
- Stewardship of Environment
- Stormwater Management (Pervious Concrete and stormwater catchment/piping)
- Thermal Mass

Source: <u>http://www.concretethinker.com/</u> (Portland Cement Association)



### **Sustainability & Concrete Floors**

#### Leslie Struble and Jonathan Godfrey: HOW SUSTAINABLE IS CONCRETE?

 Based on calculations using ATHENA, "… concrete has less environmental impact than steel when compared in structures designed for the same engineering function…"

<ul> <li>Impact</li> </ul>	Concrete	Steel
<ul> <li>Resource use (kg)</li> </ul>	48.85	18.69
<ul> <li>Warming potential</li> </ul>	9.97	8.95
(kg equivalent CO2)		
<ul> <li>Water pollution index</li> </ul>	0.34	0.98
<ul> <li>Air pollution index</li> </ul>	2.01	2.46
<ul> <li>Solid waste (kg)</li> </ul>	1.87	1.80
<ul> <li>Energy (MJ)</li> </ul>	140.18	229.69

International Workshop on Sustainable Development and Concrete Technology, **Beijing, China, May 20–21, 2004** 



St. Patrick's Day? No – Green Concrete!

## **Costs of Concrete Floors - SOMD**

<u>Slab on Metal Deck (SOMD)</u>	High cost system	Unit Cost		Units	Low cost system	Unit Cost	Units
Girder Size:	W21x62 @ 29' o.c.	\$	3,000.00	ton	W16x31 w/ 1" camber @ 30' o.c.	\$3,000.00	ton
Beam Size/Spacing/camber:	W16x26 w/ 1" camber @ 9'-8" o.c.	\$	3,000.00	ton	W14x22 w/ 1" camber @ 10' o.c.	\$3,000.00	ton
Metal Deck thickness/gauge:	3" x 18 GA	\$	3.85	SF	2" x ? GA	\$ 3.00	SF
Concrete thickness/strength:	6" total thk @ 4000 PSI	\$	3.25	SF	4" total thk @ 3000 PSI	\$ 2.75	SF
Reinforcing:	Fiber Mesh @ 1.5 lbs/CY + 6x6 W1.4xW1.4 mesh	\$	0.75	SF	6x6 W1.4xW1.4 mesh	\$ 0.45	SF
Coloring:	Integral Color (Liquid)	\$	1.25	SF	No color	\$ -	SF
	Lamp Black	\$	1.25	SF			
	Acid Stain	\$	1.50	SF			
	Water Based Stain	\$	1.00	SF			
Finish	Steel Troweled	\$	0.75	SF	Broom Finish	\$ 0.20	SF
	Stamped-no color	\$	1.75	SF			
	Retroplate-no color	\$	2.50	SF			
SOMD TOTAL COST (including structural steel)	High cost	\$	24.00	SF	Low Cost	\$ 18.00	SF

## **Costs of Concrete Floors - SOG**

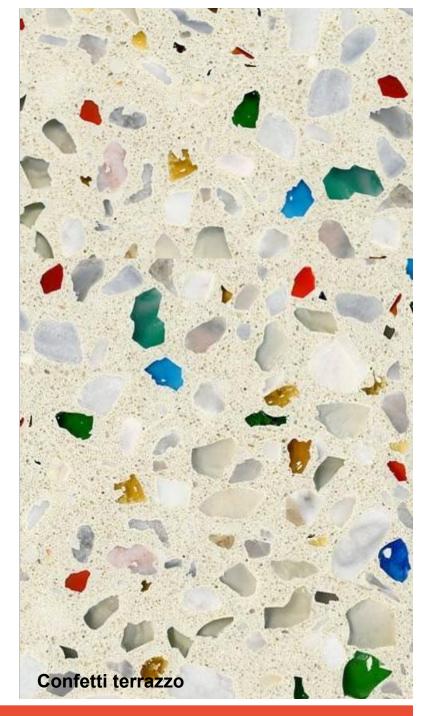
Slab on Grade (SOG)	High cost system	Unit Cost		Units	Low cost system	Unit Cost		Units
Subgrade:	4" gravel over compacted subgrade	\$	16.00	СҮ	4" gravel over compacted subgrade	\$	16.00	СҮ
Slab thickness:	4: thk	\$	255.00	CY	4: thk	\$ 2!	55.00	CY
Configuration (thickened edge or flat slab	Thickened slab edge	\$	150.00	LF	Thickened slab edge	\$ 1 <b>:</b>	50.00	LF
Control Joint/Expansion Joint spacing:	15' o.c. max	\$	0.60	LF	15' o.c. max	\$	0.60	LF
Reinforcing:	Fiber Mesh @ 1.5 lbs/CY + 6x6 W1.4xW1.4 mesh	\$	0.85	sf	6x6 W1.4xW1.4 mesh	\$	0.45	sf
Coloring:	Integral Color (Liquid)	\$	1.25	SF	No color	\$	-	SF
	Lamp Black	\$	1.25	SF				
	Acid Stain	\$	1.50	SF				
	Water Based Stain	\$	1.00	SF				
Finish:	Steel Troweled	\$	0.75	SF	Broom Finish	\$	0.20	SF
	Stamped-no color	\$	1.75	SF				
	Retroplate-no color	\$	2.50	SF				
4" SOG TOTAL COST	High cost	\$	5.00	SF	Low Cost	\$	4.50	SF

### **Alternatives to Concrete Floors**

- Quarry/ceramic/porcelain tile
- Stone
- Slate flooring
- Epoxy (thin) terrazzo
- Fritztile
- Linoleum
- Rat slab/finish slab
- Rubber (recycled/tile/sheet)
- Cork
- Hardwood
- Carpet
- VCT
- Vinyl sheet
- Epoxy
- Cementitious Overlay (Ardex)
- Deco pour

(\$4.75 to \$6/sf) (varies widely) (\$7/sf - material) (\$13/sf) (\$7 to \$9/sf) (\$4.75/sf) (\$6 to \$7/sf) (\$6 to \$8/sf) (\$6.75/sf) (\$6.75/sf for maple) (\$3 to \$3.50/sf) (\$1.25/sf) (\$3.75/sf) (\$10 to \$12/sf)

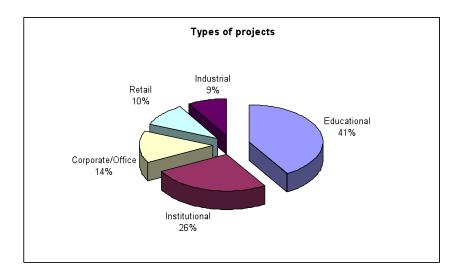
(\$11 to \$14/sf)

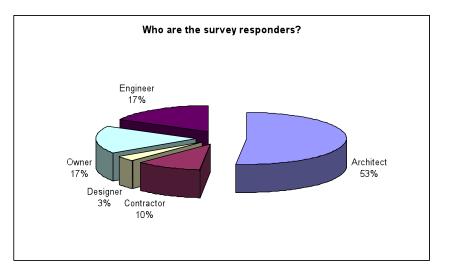


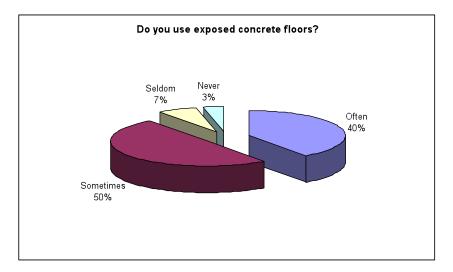
#### What did the fish say when he hit a concrete wall?

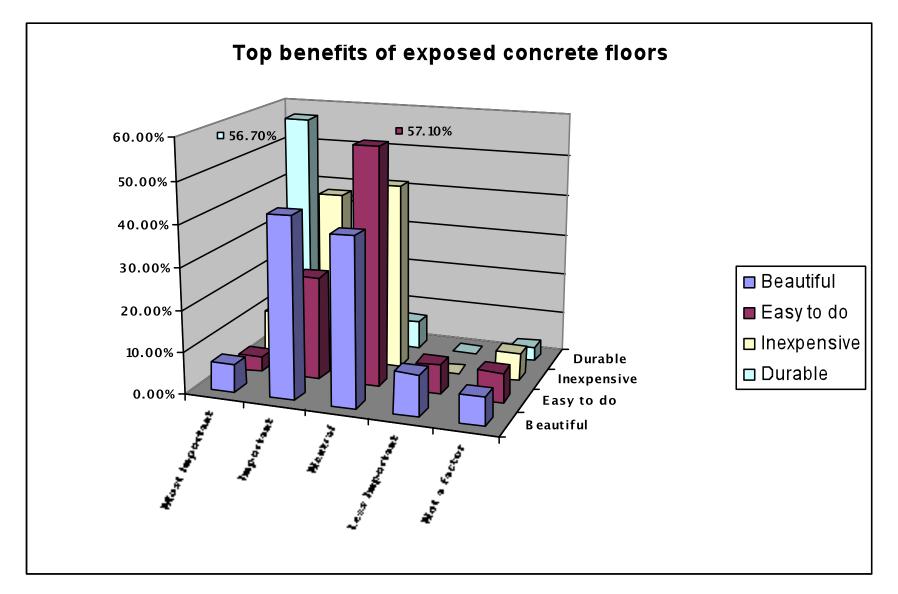
"Dam".

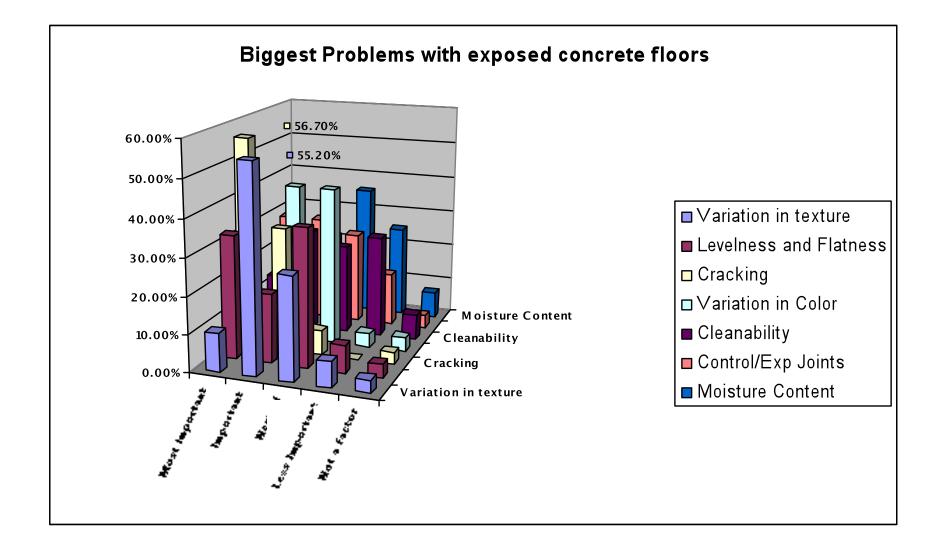
# **Concrete Survey – What do you think?**

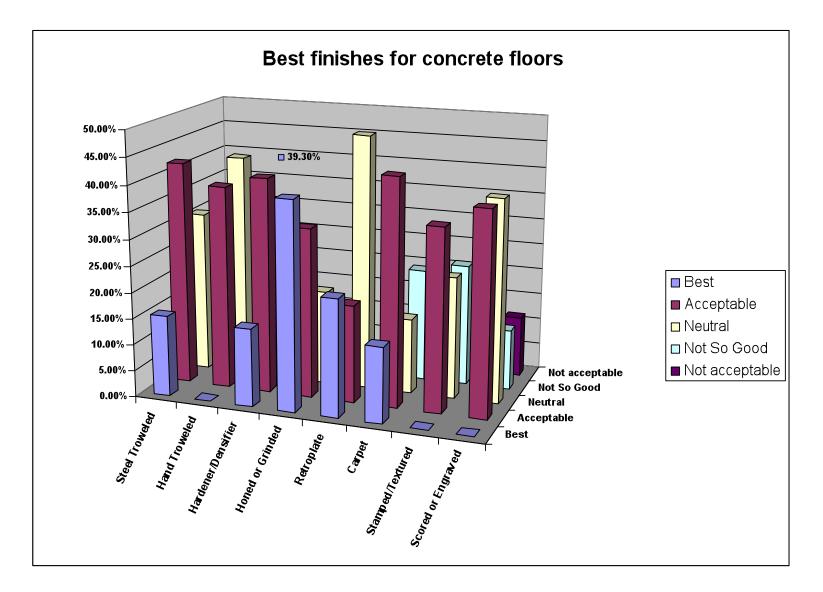


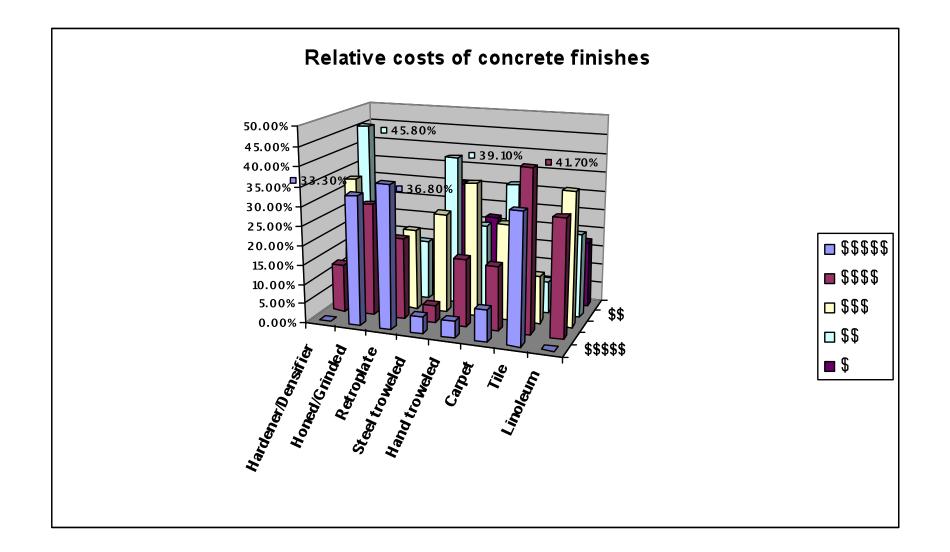


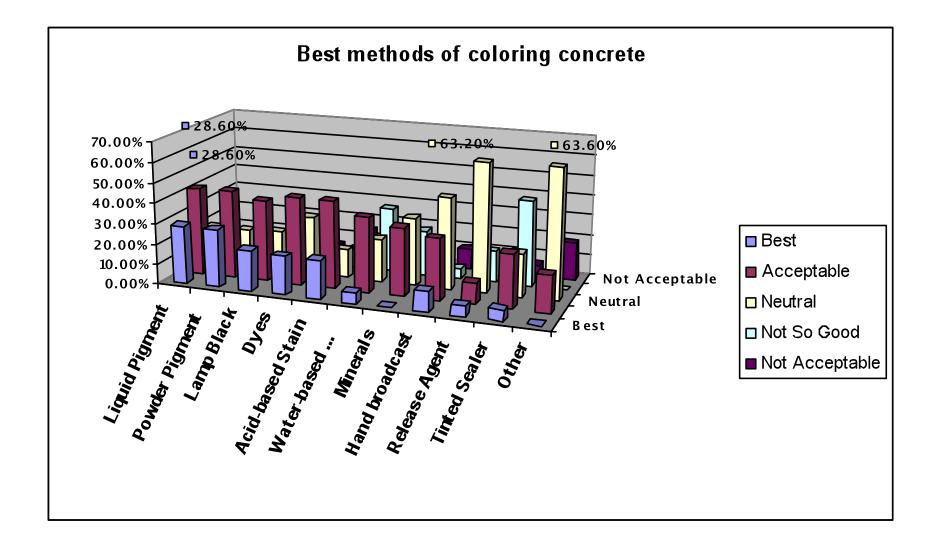


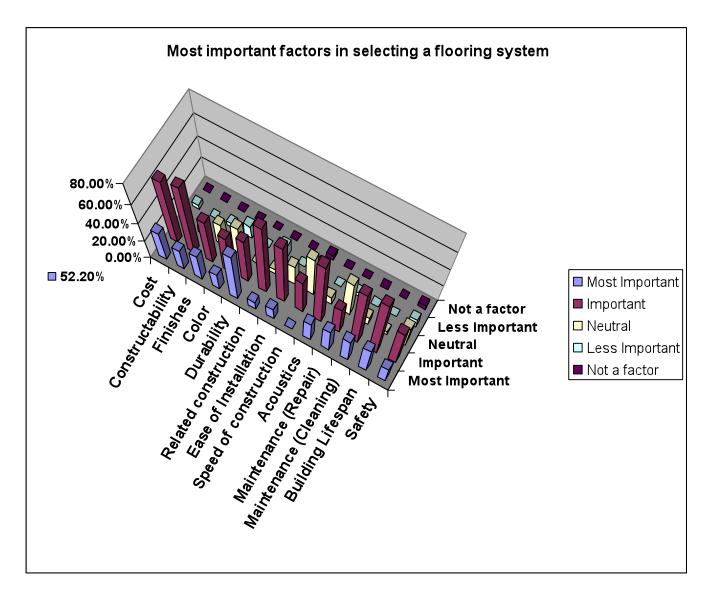












#### Q. How can you drop a raw egg onto a concrete floor without cracking it?

A. Concrete floors are very hard to crack!

# **Bassetti Projects**

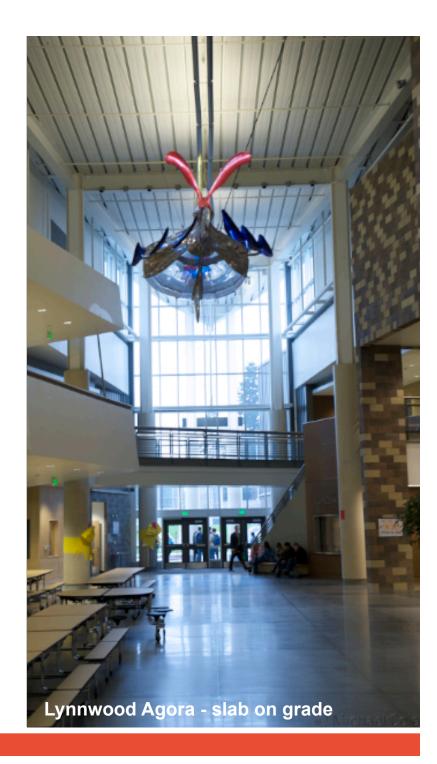
# Lynnwood High School (Tom)

# Slab on Grade (SOG) for polished concrete

- Subgrade: compacted on site soils or imported soil
- Slab thickness: 5"
- Configuration: varies grade beams, flat slab and thickened edge
- Control/Expansion Jts: approx. 12 feet by 12 feet
- Reinforcing: Some 12 x 12 number 4 rebar, mostly fiber mesh
- Coloring: natural and shades of lamp black
- Finish: polished concrete

# Slab on Grade (SOG) for exposed concrete

- Subgrade: compacted on site soils or imported soil
- Slab thickness: 4 inches
- Configuration: varies grade beams, flat slab and thickened edge
- Control/Exp Jts: CJ varies 8 to 12 feet
- Reinforcing: fiber mesh
- Coloring: natural
- Finish: steel trowel



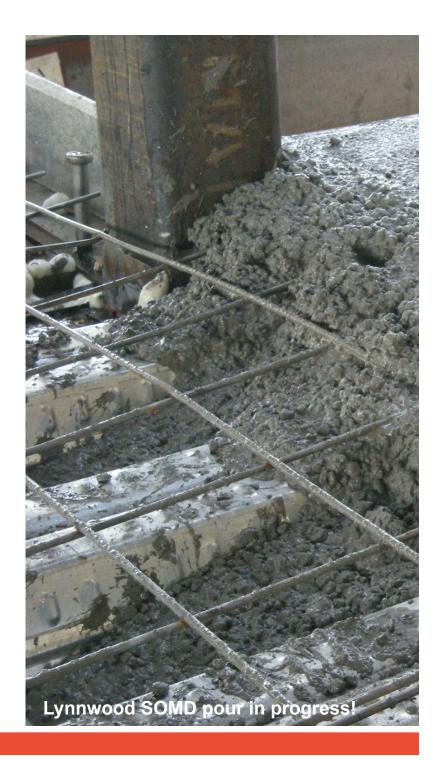
# Lynnwood High School (Tom)

#### SOMD for polished concrete

- Structural Bay: varies from 6 to 10 feet
- Girder Size: varies
- Beam Size/Spacing/camber: beam sizes vary; camber varies from 0 to 1-1/4 inch
- Metal Deck thickness/gauge: 3" @ 20 ga
- Concrete thickness/strength: 6" @ 4,000 psi
- Topping Slab: not applicable
- Reinforcing: WWF 6x6 W4XW4 plus fiber mesh
- Control/Exp Jts: none
- Coloring: none
- Finish: polished concrete

#### SOMD for exposed concrete

- Structural Bay: 10 feet x ?
- Girder Size: W24 x 62 with c=1-1/4"
- Beam Size/Spacing/camber: W12x22 with c=5/8"
- Metal Deck thickness/gauge: 3" @ 20 ga
- Concrete thickness/strength: 6" total @ 4,000 psi
- Topping Slab: not applicable
- Reinforcing: WWF 6x6 W4XW4 plus fiber mesh
- Control/Exp Jts: none
- Coloring: none
- Finish steel troweled



# Fire Station 17 (Don)

Concrete topping over existing slabs

Polish, hone, and ???

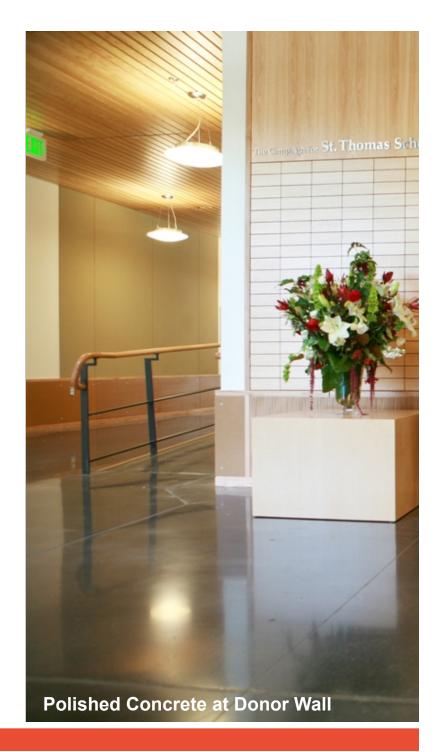


# **St. Thomas (Kristian)**

#### Slab on Grade (SOG)

- Subgrade: crushed rock
- Thickness: 4" @ 4000 psi
- Configuration: flat slab doweled @ edges
- Control/Exp Jts: approx 12'-0" o.c. each way
- Reinforcing: Fiber mesh
- Coloring: Water based dye
- Finish: Polished

- Structural Bay: varies approx. 35'-0" x 35'-0"
- Girders: W18x40 @ 33'-5" max
- Beam: W16x31 w/ <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>" camber @ 7'-0" typ.
- Metal Deck: 2" @ 20 ga
- Thickness/strength: 4 <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>" or 5 <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>" total @ 4000 psi
- Topping Slab: none
- Reinforcing: 6x6 W1.4xW1.4 mesh
- Control/Exp Jts: none
- Coloring: Water based dye
- Finish: Polished

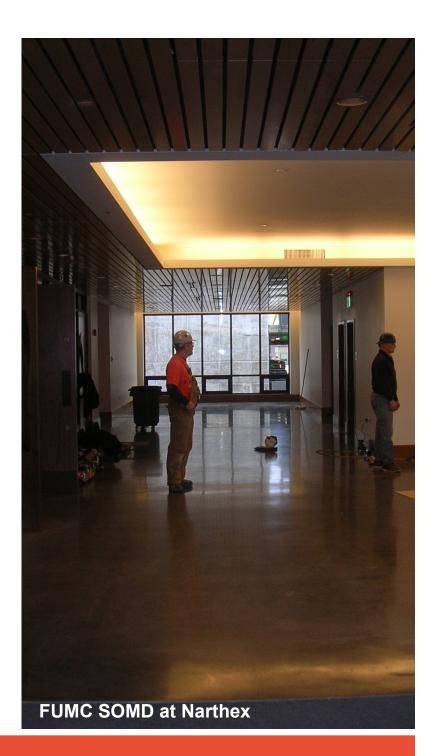


# **First United (Lindsay)**

#### Slab on Grade (SOG)

- Subgrade: 6" crushed rock
- Thickness: 4" @ 4000 psi
- Configuration: Flat slab
- Control/Exp Jts:
- Reinforcing: 6x6 W1.4xW1.4 mesh
- Coloring:
- Finish: Topping slab

- Structural Bay: 24'-7" x 30'-4" max
- Girders: W21x50 w/ 0" camber @ 27'-4"
- Beam: W14x30 w/ ½" camber @ 8'3" o.c. max
- Metal Deck: 2" x 20 ga
- Thickness/strength: 4 <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>" total @ 4000 psi
- Topping Slab:
- Reinforcing: 6x6 W1.4xW1.4 mesh
- Control/Exp Jts:
- Coloring:
- Finish: Polished/Retroplate



# Lakota Middle School (Brian)

### Slab on Grade (SOG)

- Subgrade: 4" crushed rock
- Thickness: 4"
- Configuration: Thickened Slab Edge
- Control/Exp Jts: 15' o.c. max
- Reinforcing: Fiber Mesh @ 1.5 lbs/CY + 6x6 W1.4xW1.4 mesh
- Coloring: Integral Liquid Pigment (BASF)
- Finish: Steel troweled/exposed

- Structural Bay: 29'x29'
- Girders: W21x62 @ 29' o.c.
- Beam: W16x26 w/ 1" camber @ 9'-8" o.c.
- Metal Deck: 3" x 18 ga
- Thickness/strength: 6" total @ 4000 PSI
- Topping Slab: None
- Reinforcing: Fiber Mesh @ 1.5 lbs/CY + 6x6 W1.4xW1.4 mesh + comp. slab rebar
- Control/Exp Jts: None allowed
- Coloring: Integral Liquid Pigment (BASF)
- Finish: Steel troweled/exposed



# **Renton Park Elementary (Brian)**

### Slab on Grade (SOG)

- Subgrade: 4" crushed rock
- Thickness: 4"
- Configuration: Thickened slab edge
- Control/Exp Jts: 400 SF max
- Reinforcing: 6x6 W1.4xW1.4
- Coloring: None
- Finish: Steel troweled (carpet)

- Structural Bay: 30'x30'
- Girders: W16x31 w/ 1" camber @ 30' o.c.
- Beam: W14x22 w/ 1" camber @ 10' o.c.
- Metal Deck: 2" x ?? ga
- Thickness/strength: 4" total @ 3000 psi
- Topping Slab: None
- Reinforcing: 6x6 W1.4xW1.4
- Control/Exp Jts: ?
- Coloring: None
- Finish: Steel troweled (carpet)



Q: What do have when a lawyer is buried up to his neck in wet cement?A: Not enough cement.

# **For Further Reading**

# For Further Reading

- Bob Harris' Guide to Concrete
   Overlays and Toppings
- ACI Manual (See David)
- Master Spec Coordination Documents
- <u>http://concreteconstruction.net/</u>
- <u>http://www.concretenetwork.com</u>
- http://www.cement.org/
- http://www.aci-int.org/
- http://www.pci.org
- http://www.archprecast.org
- <u>http://www.ntma.com</u>
- http://www.csinet.org
- Bassetti Master Specifications

# Q: What do you get if you cross a chicken with a cement mixer?

A: A brick layer!

# Thank you!